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This book is a full guidebook among more than 218 accounting international journals with an evaluation of 3,000 publications for over the last two years. It aims to help readers for selecting an appropriate journal for publishing own research in the international arena or to find the required topic for conducting further investigating or to be informed about so large-scale science as accounting. Here a reader will find detailed information about accounting journals in terms of Scopus, Web of Science and SCImago databases. In addition, there are highlighted accounting journals in terms of IFRS and blockchain concentration in accounting researches nowadays. The relevant aims and scope of each journal are also presented. Anyway, this book is an indispensable assistant for students while getting the “Accounting” specialization, as well as teachers and scientists while conducting empirical researches in the practice and theory of the accounting filed.

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First Edition

Accounting journals

Scopus, Web of Science, SCImago



Shkulipa Liudmyla

SHKULIPA LIUDMYLA

ACCOUNTING JOURNALS:

Scopus, Web of Science, SCImago

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The book, in the reader's hands, is a full guidebook among accounting international journals with a publication evaluation that has been created as a result of long-term research. Being a Ph.D. in Accounting, Analysis, Taxation, and as a freelancer at Enago company in peer-review and selecting journals, the appearance of this book would be impossible without on-line courses "Choosing the Right Journal for Your Research" of Enago Academy, their free webinars and supporting by the friendly-oriented team. As experience shows, in order better to assess the role and trends of accounting science, it is necessary reasonably to differ what is a promising direction, what is just a fashionable trend. Nowadays, it is too easy to face the concentration of scientists in the same direction of research, the study of which has been repeatedly revealed from all possible views.

«More and more people seem to be studying the same topics in financial reporting and managerial control in the same ways, over and over and over» (McCarthy, n.d). Indeed, there are topics that either did not reveal frequently or were primarily overlooked by scientists. This situation leads to an artificial raising of attention to the problem, that in a short period, is being replaced by another problem – on first sight more relevant, more necessary for study and disclosure, but deprived outside of real researchers' evaluation. Besides, this is more important in the context of the rapid transition to an information society, rapid technological changes, the integration of some technologies with others. For example, Blockchain with Big Data is new technologies in finance, accounting, predictive analysis, and management accounting. While the publication activity and the relationships between different branches of knowledge (in particular, within the framework of accounting) have been analysed, there are new "white spots" on the "map" of scientific search, that may have important theoretical and practical implications for new research in the future.

To present to researchers, the novelty of existing research directions and to forward future studies to the critical accounting points, it was decided to use information from well-known international databases, such as the SCImago, Web of Science, and Scopus. These databases contain the necessary information about the journals in terms of subjects, countries, publishers, their impact factor, SNIP, CiteScore, and the level of their citations at the international level for any chosen period. This assessment of international databases can help to identify the essential accounting journals at the international level, to orient on the most cited or high-ranking ones, to emphasise on their aims and scopes. Nevertheless, this is not assuring of the influence of research in the top journals, because relying solely on the journal's popularity is a non-professionally.

To find an appropriate international journal indexed in Scopus for publishing an article at the international level is the information needs and daily challenges of many academics and students all over the world. So, the need for a new resource in this area is the absence

of information about all accounting journals in the international level and evaluation accounting topics within 2018 and 2019.

The purpose of this book is to help readers for selecting an appropriate journal to publish their own research in an international arena or to find a required topic to conduct further investigation or to be informed about such large-scale science as accounting. Therefore, a vast selection of 218 accounting journals with the evaluation of 3,000 publications for the last two years is presented in this book. At the beginning of the book, it is presented a relevant literature review of similar researches. In Chapter 1, the 218 accounting journals indexed in Scopus in terms of Open Access journals, and quartile according to the subject areas is considered. The presented data were relevant in December 2019. Each section in chapter consists of detailed aims and scopes of each journal that have obtained from their web sites of journals. Chapter 2 is devoted to consideration the Web of Science database in terms of issuance frequency, and indexation in Web of Science, Scopus, or both. Chapter 3 consists of information about accounting journals according to the SCImago database in terms of ranking by countries, quartiles, and publishers. The most significant chapter is presenting proportion of the accounting journals within each publisher and within all publishers; the Top 10 of the most cited and ranked journals in accounting; brief accounting journals information in terms of the citation level (cites per a document within two years), quartile by SJR, impact factor, APC (and submission fee), issues per year, annual amount of articles, ISSN and country within each publisher; classification of accounting topics published for 2018-2019 and coverage measurement of accounting topics by each journal. At the end of Chapter 3, there is assessing the extent of coverage of accounting topics among the international journals, recommending new relevant topics for further research in the field of accounting. This gathering of information has required considerable time and analytical tables, that are shortened in Appendix A. According to the obtained results in Chapter 3, Chapter 4 presents a general analysis of accounting journals in terms of IFRS and blockchain concentration in accounting researches nowadays.

Accordingly, based on a retrospective analysis of the content of the considerable number of articles, grouping them by appropriate criteria, it became a new background to plunge into accounting at the international level. It allows identifying the most up-to-date research in the field of accounting for the last two years and forecasting their further development. Thus, along with the whole context, there are highlighted relevant hypothesizes of the author. This book is addressed readers' needs in a quick direction to some of more than 218 accounting journals. The convenient order and correct categorising journals allow obtaining information about any journal in terms of issues per year, publisher, quartile, APC/submission fee, its Open Access availability, the title of a journal. With this goal, the short journals list is presented at the end of the book. Overall, the writing of this book is a too responsible task for the author, particularly in providing exact information about accounting journals. Thus, as a result, this email